



**OPERATION AND ASSEMBLY MANUAL  
OF CENTRIFUGAL FAN TYPE PBM**

## INTRODUCTION

This manual covers fans PBM type. It is source of information necessary for safe and proper use. Read this manual carefully before any use of the device, comply with its requirements and keep it in place with easy access for users and service. In case of any doubts about use of the fan, please contact with manufacturer.

Additional requirements about use of the unit can be found in electric motor documentation and markings - those requirements need to be met.



### After receiving the device - check

- whether the device is in compliance with order,
- whether the data on the rating plate are the same as desired.
- whether fan was not damaged during transport (e.g. there are no dents/cracks)
- whether a motor documentation (containing manual) is attached

In case of any irregularities, contact with your dealer or Venture Industries Sp. z o.o. service.

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Information about device

• The fan is a not completed machine within the meaning of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/WE (please refer to the manufacturer's declaration – Appendix D).

• Fan is designed for use by trained, qualified adult persons in industrial environment. The fan is not designed for household or similar use.

• The device is designed to transport clean air and air with defined dustiness level – **required contact with manufacturer.**

**Do not transport the explosive mixtures**, solid elements (this does not apply to elements allowed by manufacturer), liquids, substances that cause abrasion, chemically reactive compounds. Minimal temperature of transported medium is -20°C, maximum is determined on rating plate.

• The fan must be protected from the weather (e.g. snow, rain, excessive sun radiation, lightning). The device is not designed to be installed outdoor. The fan surrounding cannot contain **explosive atmospheres**, substances causing abrasion, chemically aggressive substances, viscous substances, liquid, substances with high humidity. Maximum ambient temperature is determined on rating plate, minimum is -15°C.

• The device must not be exposed to radiation (such as microwave, UV, laser, x-ray).

• The impeller has been balanced in accordance with minimum G6.3 class ISO 1940-1, and general construction of the fan in accordance with cat. BV-3 ISO 14694

• Additional information of the fan usage has been indicated on the device. More information on Appendix A.

Additional information indicated on the device

- arrow informing about correct direction of impeller rotation

- indications related to safe use of device

### 1.2 General risk and guidelines

During entire fan life cycle pay particular attention to the **risk and guidelines** presented below:

#### 1.2.1 moveable components

• The fan is equipped with moveable components (impeller of the device, impeller of the motor). Contact with them may cause serious injury or death. The fan must not be used if covers (grids) and safety measures against contact with rotating parts have not been installed.



#### 1.2.2 suction

• The fan has high suction power. Clothing, hair, foreign particles, and even body elements can be easily sucked in. It is forbidden to approach the fan in "loose" clothing or reaching toward inlet of working fan. It needs to be ensured, that no foreign body can be sucked in.

#### 1.2.3 thrown elements

• The air at the outlet of the fan has high energy. Elements sucked or placed inside the fan can be thrown with a high speed. The fan has stable, solid construction, but as a result of damage or improper use some parts (elements with high kinetic energy) may be thrown away. Make sure that before start and during operation of the fan there are no elements, that may be sucked in (pay special attention to fan inlet side) and there are no person in stream of transported medium (on inlet and outlet side). Do not use fan without proper inlet and outlet covers (grids).

#### 1.2.4 sharp edges

• During manufacturing the fan sharp edges were grinded. However the fan may have edges touching which may cause injury. We recommend the use of relevant protective gloves.



#### 1.2.5. inertness

• The fan has a high inertness. In case of no permanent fix turning on the fan will lead to its uncontrolled movement. The unit can be turned on only after proper installation.

#### 1.2.6 noise

• The sound pressure level is dependent on the operation point. Check the sound pressure level and if necessary use silencers and/or individual protection measures for personnel.

#### 1.2.7 materials

• In case of fire or transport of improper medium – fan parts can generate fumes hazardous to health.

#### 1.2.8. environment

• The fan can make over and under pressure. In areas where a specified air pressure and the quantity of air are required (e.g. in places with combustion) make sure that there would be no deficit/excess of air.

### 1.2.9 temperature (hot surfaces)

• The housing and fan elements take the temperature of transported medium. During work (e.g. as a result of compression process) the temperature of medium, housing and fan components increase. Electric motor may heat up to high temperatures (especially when overloaded/overheated). The appropriate steps need to be made to prevent from fire and burns caused of high temperatures.

**In case of fire – to extinguish a fire use fire extinguisher approved for electrical equipment and follow recommendation of fire department.**



### 1.2.10 unexpected start / connecting power supply

• Before undertaking any kind of work on fan (e.g. installation, maintenance and inspection, disassembly), it has to be completely and reliably disconnected (isolated) from power supply (check there is no voltage). It has to be ensured, that power supply will not be connected during work on fan and moveable parts are not moving.

• The appropriate steps need to be made in order to provide protection against electric shock and to prevent from access to electrical components by unauthorized person.

• Fan is not equipped with control system – the connecting of power supply causes immediate start-up. The device is not equipped with system, that would permanently shut it down in case of temporary power supply loss. It has to be ensured, that any dangerous or unpermitted event does not occur in case of temporary loss of power supply.

• Thermal sensors installed in motor (if fitted) after tripping caused by motor overheat turn back to initial state after cooling down. It has to be ensured, that any dangerous or unpermitted event does not occur in case of action of thermal sensors and after motor cooling down.

• In case of impeller jamming – its unblocking may cause sudden movement. Appropriate steps should be made in order to avoid impeller jamming. In case of impeller jamming, fan should be completely disconnected from power supply and inspected (section 5).

• After disconnecting from power supply fan still works for certain time (moveable parts are moving) as a result of energy accumulation.



### 1.2.11 use

• Improper installation and/or use may lead to damage of the device and occurrence of dangerous situation. The unit can be installed, maintained, dismantled and used only by qualified and authorized personnel, in accordance to safety rules and current regulations in the country of use (including proper electrical authorization). Personnel need to be familiar with reactions caused by the fan.

• **Using of fan in dismantled/uncompleted state is forbidden.**

• During the works (e.g. maintenance, installation) the fans surrounding should be protected from bystanders approach.

• Any modifications of the unit are forbidden. Complicated maintenance work (such as dismantling the motor or impeller) need to be made by Venture Industries Sp. z o.o. service or with it permission - according to additional guidance. Improper assembly may lead to reduce the fan parameters, damage the unit and lead to the dangerous situation.

### 1.2.12 Accumulation of dust

• Prevent the accumulation of dust, sediment on and inside the fan. Dirt accumulated on: grids – may reduce the fan parameters; impeller – may lose its balance; housing and motor – can reduce the cooling; hot surfaces (see 1.2.9) – may ignite.

### 1.2.13 explosive atmospheres

• Contact of the fan with explosive atmospheres cause in ignition. It is forbidden to contact the fan with explosive atmospheres.



## **2. TRANSPORT AND STORAGE**

### **2.1 transport and storage guidelines**

• The fan should be transported and stored in original packaging, without excessive shocks. The device must be protected from weather conditions, transported and stored in dry, well ventilated, and free from substances harmful to the device areas. The fan cannot be transported and stored in areas with fertilizers, chlorinated lime, acids and other aggressive chemicals. Fan should be protected against foreign body entrance.

• Protect the fan against damage (including crush). After lifting unit it need to be put slowly.

• The unit should be lifted by housing. Do not lift the unit by motor elements (e.g. eye bolt). **During lifting the device must remain stable.**

• Do not approach lifted device. In case of breaking, falling device may cause serious injury or death.

• It is recommended that storage time does not exceed one year. After long storage, before installation check the fan. (section 5).

During storage it is recommended to manually rotate the impeller (min. 3 turns) once a month.



## **3. ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION**

### **3.1 General information**

• During installation follow the guidelines contained in section 1.2

• The fan is a machine not ready for use (within the meaning of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/WE - before use of the device ensure conformity with requirements of Machinery Directive 2006/42/WE. After installation the device must meet the requirements included in EN ISO 12100, EN ISO 13857, EN ISO 13850 and EN 60204-1 standards. Additional information is included in Manufacturer Declaration (Appendix D).

• Before installation remove temporary items that protect fan during transport and storage (e.g. box, foil, caps – do not remove any guards) – Starting the fan with those items could lead to damage of the fan. Make sure that the fan is not damaged.

• Ensure that there are no foreign bodies (e.g. mounting elements, tools) inside and near of the unit, that impeller is not blocked, the fan is properly secured after installation (the cover of connection box is closed and secured, the review cover is closed, the connecting elements are properly tightened). Technical acceptance should be carried out in accordance with Appendix B.

• The fan have to be ensured in secure cover or mounted in that way to make impossible touch to working impeller what can caused parts of the body or clothes get into impeller.

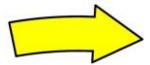


### 3.2 Electrical connection guidelines

- The fan and power supply network must be protected in accordance with local law requirements.
- Detailed guidelines related to electrical connection are located in motor operation manual - those guidelines need to be applied.
- Protection against short-circuits, protection against overload and voltage asymmetry need to be applied. Emergency safety switch (isolator) near the fan should be applied.
- **Use appropriate protection against electric shock. Fan need to be connected to grounding system with designed for such purpose ground terminal (terminals) – according to documentation and markings placed on motor and markings placed on fan.**
- **Grounding protective terminal (PE) located in motor connection box need be used.**
- Voltage and frequency of supply network cannot exceed those indicated on the fan nameplate.
- Use electrical wires with proper insulation and cross-section. Supply wires need to be placed in way excluding contact with moving elements and in a way that liquid (e.g. from condensation) does not run over them in the connection box. Cable glands need to be properly tightened.
- If the fan is equipped with thermo contact type sensor(s) (information is placed on the motor (and/or inside of connection box) and/or in motor documentation): When permitted value of temperature is exceeded, contacts of thermocontact open, making a break in circuit. If thermocontact sensor(s) are placed inside connection box - it need to be connected to proper system (eg. contractor, relay), which shuts down power supply in case of exceeding permitted motor temperature.
- If the fan is equipped with type PTC sensor(s) (information is placed on the motor (or inside of connection box) or in motor documentation): PTC sensor resistance grows rapidly with exceeding of permitted motor temperature value. Ends of sensor(s) placed inside connection box need to be connected to system, which shuts down power supply in case of exceeding permitted motor temperature.

### 3.3 Impeller rotation direction

Make sure that after installation and during using the fan the impeller would rotate in correct direction. After mounting fan to proper construction, with special care taken and in accordance with sector 1 and 4, launch the fan in impulse way (less than 1 second) and check, if the impeller rotates in correct direction, generating airflow in proper direction (rotation direction may be checked by checking the motor cooling impeller rotation direction or impeller rotation direction). The work with impeller rotating in the wrong direction reduces fan parameters and may damage it. In case of improper impeller rotation, turn off power supply, wait until impeller stops and swap proper power supplying wires in junction box.



## 4. USE

### 4.1 Use guidelines

- Make sure that turning on of the fan does not make any hazard for personnel and property. Follow the guidelines featured in section 1.2.
- The fan is designed for continuous operations (S1) – too high frequency of starting a fan may lead to motor overheat and damage.
- **Fan cannot work with voltage, frequency, current higher than shown on the fan nameplate** (even if motor nameplate/manual allows it).
- **Use of fan with lowered voltage is not allowed** (it may cause e.g. lack of fan start-up and motor damage). Applying of higher frequency may cause motor damage or mechanical damage of the fan.
- The device cannot work with current consumption exceeding the value indicated on the nameplate.
- In case of activation of any electrical protection, detection of damage, unit must be immediately turned off.
- The device is adapted to work in certain range of characteristic. Too high volume flow rate of medium, start/work of device with completely opened inlet and/or outlet may lead to motor overheat caused by current consumption exceeding value on the rating plate (current consumed by fan grows as resistance of installation decreases)
- Units work parameters (temperature of medium, ambient temperature, min and max flow rate...) refer to nominal speed.

## 5. MAINTENANCE, REVIEW

### 5.1 Maintenance guidelines

- During maintenance and review follow the guidelines contained in point 1.2
- Fan should be subject of regular review and maintenance (point 5.2).
- **Maintenance and review of motor need to be overtaken in accordance with motor documentation.** Exchange of motor bearings should be made before the end of current bearing lifetime.
- To clean fan use slightly damp delicate material. It is prohibited to use detergents, liquids under pressure and tools that may scratch the unit surface.
- The fan should be turned on at least once a month (minimum couple of impeller turns)
- Ensure that there are no foreign bodies (e.g. assembly components, tools) near and inside the fan, the impeller is not blocked, the unit is clean, dry and secured after maintenance and review. Water excess may be removed with drain valve (if applied). After cleaning finishes, turn on the fan at max speed for 30 minutes.



•During review special attention to the following should be paid:

dust and dirt	Prevent the accumulation of dust/dirt on and inside the fan. Dirt accumulated on: grids – may reduce the fan parameters; housing and motor – can reduce the cooling; hot surfaces –may ignite. Special attention must be paid to motor cooling impeller and its cover. Reduction of cooling ability may lead to overheat of motor without working of safety devices.												
corrosion	Corrosion of the fan may lead to mechanical damage of it. It is forbidden to use the fan if corrosion appears												
overload	Exceeding of nominal current may be caused by improper choice of fan, mechanical damage (e.g. impeller, bearing), improper electrical connection. Current value must be controlled, and if its growth is noticed, the reason need to be determined and device need to be repaired. Current value cannot exceed nominal value.												
vibration	Excessive vibration may cause mechanical damage of the fan or it mounting construction. The vibration increase can indicate bearings damage or loss of impeller balance. Vibration value need to be controlled, and if its growth is noticed, the reason need to be determined and device must be repaired. Maximum vibration value on bearings (perpendicular to motor shaft) after fan installation cannot exceed value presented in table below: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">rigidly mounted*</th> <th colspan="2">flexibly monted*</th> </tr> <tr> <th>peak</th> <th>r.m.s</th> <th>peak</th> <th>r.m.s.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3.8 mm/s</td> <td>2.8 mm/s</td> <td>5.1 mm/s</td> <td>3.5 mm/s</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> *according to ISO 14694	rigidly mounted*		flexibly monted*		peak	r.m.s	peak	r.m.s.	3.8 mm/s	2.8 mm/s	5.1 mm/s	3.5 mm/s
rigidly mounted*		flexibly monted*											
peak	r.m.s	peak	r.m.s.										
3.8 mm/s	2.8 mm/s	5.1 mm/s	3.5 mm/s										

## 5.2 Review and maintenance

- The set between routine checks and maintenance should be determined by user, based on the observation of unit and specific conditions of use, in order to include specific work conditions. The set cannot be longer than introduced below
- In the case of irregularities the device must be turn off and subjected to review, maintenance and possible repairs / cleaning (when dirt occurs). Examples of reasons for device to work in emergency mode are given in Appendix C.
- People operating the device must be familiar with it normal working conditions. If the fan work differ from it normal working conditions it need to be turn off from work, inspected and repaired / cleaned.

### Recommended daily review, not less frequently than once a week.:

- Device is undamaged, stable and works properly
- There are not any leaks, smoke from motor
- Device does not emit any untypical noise, and does not heat up excessively
- Device is clean (external control), corrosion does not occur (external control)
- Wires are not damaged
- There are no unusual leaks (unit is properly sealed)
- Covers are in proper state and clean

### Recommended monthly review, not less frequently than once a 3 months.:

- Fan current value is not higher than beginning value
- The values of generated vibration did not increase (according to beginning value)
- Device and covers are clean
- Device is clean, filter (if applied) is not clogged.

### Review once per 3 months, not less than 6 month and 3000 hours of work

- Corrosion does not occur (detailed control)
- Fasteners state is proper (they are properly tightened)
- Security devices are working and set properly, protection against electrical shock is effective.
- Motor insulation resistance value is correct
- Impeller is able to freely rotate, bearings are not loose and rotation of impeller does not make too much noise.
- Structure is not damaged, components are not damaged (**e.g. by abrasion**)

Minimum in ten years time the impeller need to be controlled due to fatigue strength. At leas once per month drain excess of condensate through a condensation value.

Fan review made by Venture Industries Sp. z o.o. service is recommended.



## 7. REPAIR, WARRANTY

Use only original spare parts and original accessories. Fan repairs need to be made by Venture Industries Sp. z o.o. service or outside, after manufacturer permission. Warrantee conditions are described in guarantee card.

## 8. DISMANTLING AND RECYCLING

Disconnect unit from its power supply, and dismount according to the guidelines from section 1 of this instruction. Therefore, please deposit all left-over material and packaging in their corresponding recycling containers and hand in the replaced machines to the nearest handler of this type of waste product.

## Appendix - A (Product indication)



www.venture.pl  
www.ventur.se  
www.ventur.fi  
www.venturventilatoren.de



**VENTUR**

VENTUR TEKNISKA AB  
VENTUR FINLAND OY  
VENTUR Deutschland GmbH

[1]

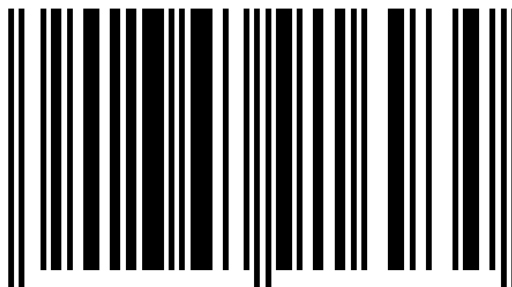
Motor [2] [3] kW [4] A IP [5]  
[6] V [7] Hz [8] rpm Ins. class [9]

Weight [10] kg Temp. ambient max. [11] Temp. max. [12]

[13]

No.: [14]

Art. No.: [15]



[16]

[1] – product full name

[2] – motor type

[3] – motor power

[4] – nominal current

[5] – motor IP class

[6] – nominal voltage

[7] – power supply frequency

[8] – nominal fan speed

[9]- motor insulation class

[10] - weight

[11] – max ambient temperature

[12] – max temperature of transported medium

[13] – information of accordance with ErP Directive (if apply)

[14] – serial number

[15] – Art. No.

[16] – Barcode

Appendix - B (The device receipt form)

Before launch	Check confirmation
Type and model of fan are in accordance with the order.	
The fan is undamaged.	
There is no foreign body inside fan, and the fan is clean.	
The fan is reliably and solidly fixed in workplace.	
Wires are properly tightened.	
Ambient temperature and transported medium temperature are compatible with fan nameplate	
Proper electrical protection is applied	
Grounding of fan is applied.	
Network power supply is compatible with fan power supply.	
Power supply disconnecting switch is applied.	
Personnel using the fan read and understood the operation and montage manual.	
Proper inlet and outlet covers (grids) have been applied	
<b>After fan launch (continuous work period minimum 30 minutes)</b>	
Readings and set of vibration measurement device has been written (they are available in future)	
Readings and set of current measurement device has been written (they are available in future)	
Value of current for each of phase does not exceed nominal one	
The vibration value is not higher than permitted.	

## Appendix - C (Examples of device faulty working)

Symptoms	Possible reason
Excessive vibration or noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Used or damaged impeller</li> <li>•Fan levelled in wrong way</li> <li>•Dirt accumulated on impeller caused loss of balance;</li> <li>•Impeller loss of balance</li> <li>•Parts rubbing;</li> <li>•Damage or wear of bearings;</li> <li>•Damage of measurement system, that is responsible for signalization of excessive vibration.</li> <li>•Deformed motor shaft;</li> <li>•Loose of impeller fix screw, impeller is loose on motor shaft;</li> <li>•Loss of balance of motor impeller or damage of motor (wear/damage of bearing)</li> </ul>
Motor overload	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rubbing between fan impeller and housing;</li> <li>• Damage or wear of bearings;</li> <li>• Damage of motor windings (overheat, insulation degradation, insulation breakdown etc.);</li> <li>• Damage of switch or security system;</li> <li>• Failure of one of supply phases;</li> <li>• Exceeding of maximum motor speed;</li> <li>• Too high flow</li> </ul>
Failed fan start-up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rubbing between fan impeller and housing or foreign body (e.g. tool left after installation);</li> <li>• Failure of one of supply phases;</li> <li>• Failure of start-up system, e.g. Y/D</li> <li>• Reset of security devices has not been made, wrong security device</li> <li>• Motor connected in wrong way or damaged</li> </ul>
Protective devices activation during fan work and overheating	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Excessive start-up time</li> <li>• Motor overload</li> <li>•Motor launching done too often (thermal protection – if applied or overheating)</li> <li>•Improper set of protection system e.g. in system with PTC or thermocontact sensors (if applied)</li> <li>• Improper cross-section of power supply wires</li> <li>• Lack of sufficient motor cooling eg. dirt placed on motor cooling impeller (thermal protection – if applied or overheating)</li> </ul>
Too low flow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damage of device</li> <li>• Too low power supply frequency</li> <li>• Obstacles in ventilation installation</li> </ul>



Appendix - D (Declaration of Manufacturer)

EU Declaration of Conformity in accordance with 2014/30/EU Directive  
EC Declaration of Incorporation in accordance with 2006/42/EC Directive (Appendix II 18)



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**Manufacturer:**

Venture Industries Sp. z o.o.  
Mokra 27 St.  
05-092 Łomianki-Kielpin  
Poland

**declares that the product described below:**

Name: Centrifugal fan  
Type: PBM  
Model and serial no.: all manufactured  
CE marking date: 2019 - in accordance with 2014/30/EU Directive  
Use/Function: transport of specified medium **after incorporation into machinery (as defined by 2006/42/WE Directive)**

**complies with the requirements of:**

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC – Annex I, item: 1.3.4, 1.5.1, 1.7.1.
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU  
*Compliance with 2014/30/EU Directive applies to the single product. When product is used with other components the installer is responsible for compliance of entire system with the provisions of 2014/30/EU Directive.*

**Following standards were applied (partially or full):**

EN ISO 12100                      EN 60034-1                      EN 60204-1                      EN ISO 13857

*Compliance with EN ISO 13857 refers to safety devices supplied and installed in the product by the manufacturer.*

**Furthermore:**

- **Product is partly completed machinery (as defined by Directive 2006/42/EC), and it must not be put into service until the machinery in which it is incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of 2006/42/EC Directive (and its amendments).**
- The machinery (installation) into which the product is incorporated should particularly meet the requirements of current standards: EN ISO 12100, EN ISO 13857, EN 349+A1, EN ISO 13850, EN 60204-1.
- Unit complies with Regulation (EU) No 327/2011 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC with regard to ecodesign requirements for fans driven by motors with an electric input power between 125 W and 500 kW.
- In accordance with 2006/42/EC Directive requirements: The technical documentation for above mentioned product has been prepared in accordance with Directive 2006/42/EC, Annex VII, Part B, and is located in the manufacturer office: Lotnicza 21A, 86-300, Grudziądz, Poland. The person authorized to comply the relevant technical documentation: *Piotr Pakowski* (Lotnicza 21A, 86-300, Grudziądz, Poland). Relevant information about the product will be provided in electronic or paper form in response to a reasonable request of national authorities.
- Quality system is in accordance with ISO 9001:2015.

Wojciech Stawski  
Managing Director

Date: 27.08.2019  
Kielpin

Appendix - E (Schematic diagram of the fan)

General description (simplified)

